# Why do my joints hurt and will anything help them?

Philip Conaghan MBBS PhD FRACP FRCP
Director, NIHR Leeds Biomedical Research Centre
Professor of Musculoskeletal Medicine, University of Leeds





1

### About me

Who am I?

- A rheumatologist
- A clinical researcher
- Someone with osteoarthritis!

### This talk

- What is arthritis?
- How is the diagnosis made?
- Where does joint pain come from?
- How is arthritis treated?
- What osteoarthritis research do we do in Leeds?

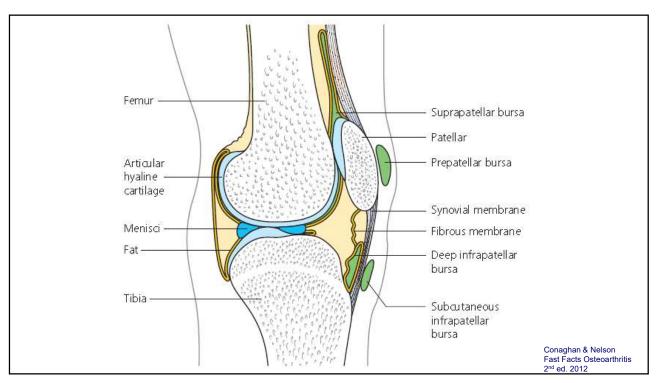
3

What is arthritis?

### **A Simple Classification of Arthritis**

- >100 conditions involving joints, immune system and other organs
- Primary <u>mechanical</u> origin eg OA
- Primary <u>inflammatory</u> origin eg RA

5



### **Types of Arthritis or Rheumatic Conditions**

- Mechanical problems
  - Back pain
  - Osteoarthritis (OA)
  - Tendon problems
  - Osteoporosis

- Inflammatory arthritis
  - Gout
  - Rheumatoid arthritis (RA)
  - · Polymyalgia rheumatica
  - Ankylosing spondylitis (AS)
  - Connective tissue diseases eg SLE

7

# **Burden of OA: Arthritis Care OA Nation 2012 Survey**

- On-line survey, random, self-reported OA, 2001 respondents, 56% women, mean age 65 years
- Significant difficulty reported with daily activities:
  - stairs (64%), gardening (57%), getting out of a chair (48%)
- 50% had reduced/stopped walking and exercise
- 15% had retired early, by average of 7.8 years
- · 86% of working age reported work lives affected
- Average increased cost p.a. per person due to OA: £500

Conaghan et al. Clin Rheumatol 2014

### **Impact of Arthritis**

- Personal
  - Pain, stiffness, fatigue
  - Flat mood, poor sleep, lack of aerobic fitness
  - Reduced activity and 'diminishing circle of life'
- Families/carers
- Societies
  - 20-25% of GP consultations
  - Massive numbers of joint replacements
  - 1-2% of Gross Domestic Product

9

### Why do we get arthritis?

- Genetics
- Environmental
  - Joint injury
  - Muscle weakness
  - Occupation (eg weight bearing, kneeling)
  - Pre-existing joint abnormality
  - Obesity
  - Smoking

More than one factor may apply to a person or a given joint in a person

How is the diagnosis made?

11

### **Making a Diagnosis**

Your story

- Early morning joint stiffness
- Age
- Pattern of joint involvement
- Associated diseases eg psoriasis
- Associated CT features eg photosensitive rash, severe Raynaud's phenomenon
- Examination: joint swelling, psoriasis
- Tests: Blood, Xrays, ultrasound

### Has modern imaging explained pain?

 Modern imaging has helped us understand the extent of pathology in different arthritis

### **HOWEVER:**

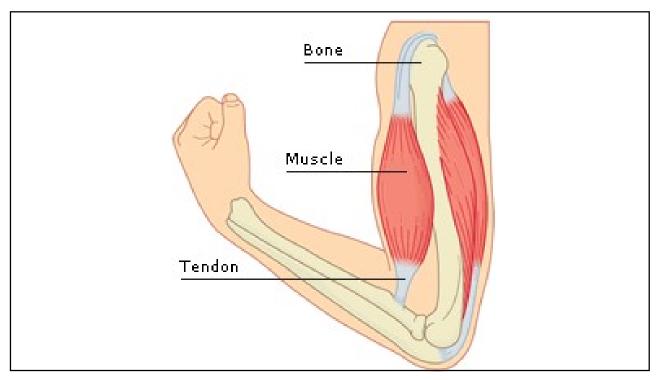
 Lots of people with joint abnormalities on Xrays and MRI have NO PAIN

### And

 Some people with lots of joint pain have no abnormalities on standard imaging

13

Where does the pain come from?



### Why are joints painful?

### Structures inside the joint

- Inflammation in joint lining tissue (synovitis): eg rheumatoid arthritis
- Deforming bone: eg finger joint osteoarthritis

### Structures around the joint

- Inflammation or tears in tendons (tendonitis) or shockabsorbing sacks next to joints (bursitis): most shoulder pain
- Inflammation where tendons attach to bone (enthesitis) eg tennis elbow

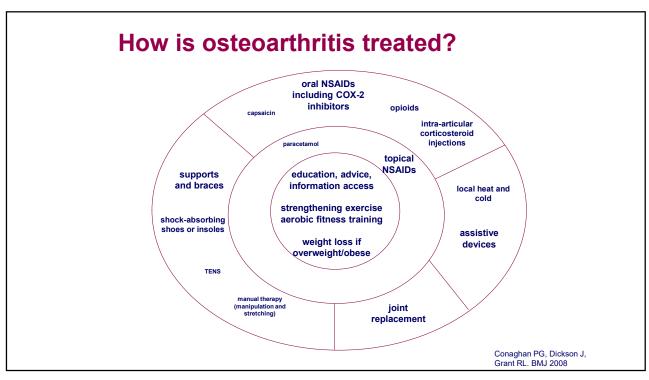
### How is arthritis treated?

17

### **Arthritis Treatments**

### Combination of:

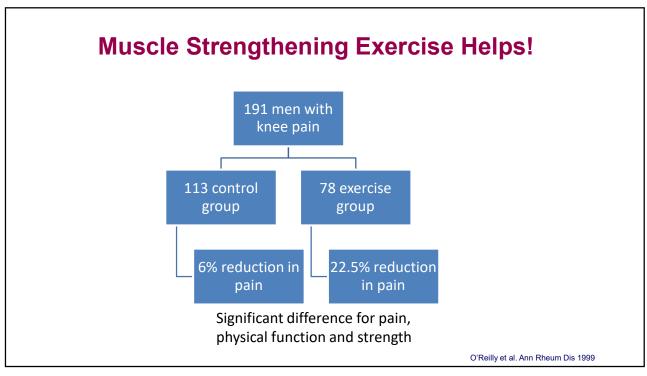
- Non-drug therapies
  - ➤ Muscle strengthening (physiotherapy)
  - ➤ Aids and devices
- Drugs (very good for inflammatory arthritis)

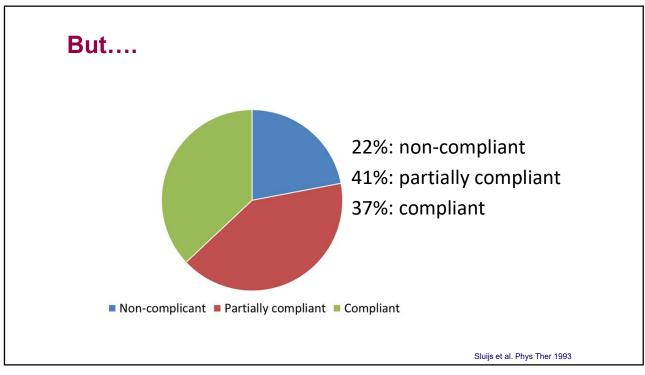


## Medication use reported by people with OA: the UK OA Nation 2012 Survey

- Respondents had tried an average of 3 medications
- 50% used their medications every day
- 62% were prescribed oral OA medication, 47% topical therapies, 38% physiotherapy, 28% steroid injections
- OTC use in 25%, 1/3 without doctor's knowledge
- OTC medication was used due to no prescription by GP (26%) or medication not relieving pain (20%)
- 71% reported varying degrees of persistent pain despite taking all prescribed medication

Conaghan et al. Clin Rheumatol 2014





What osteoarthritis research do we do in Leeds?

23

### Leeds OA Research

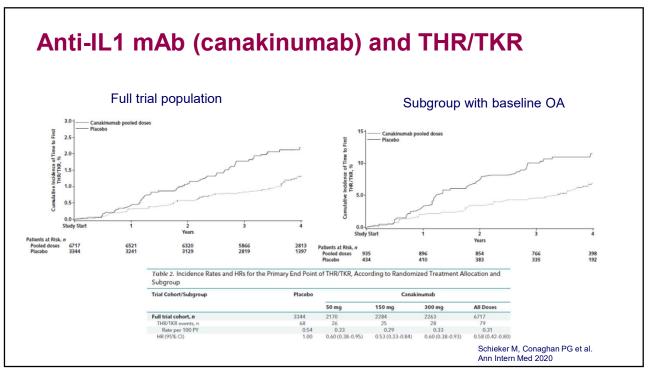
Understanding why we get pain

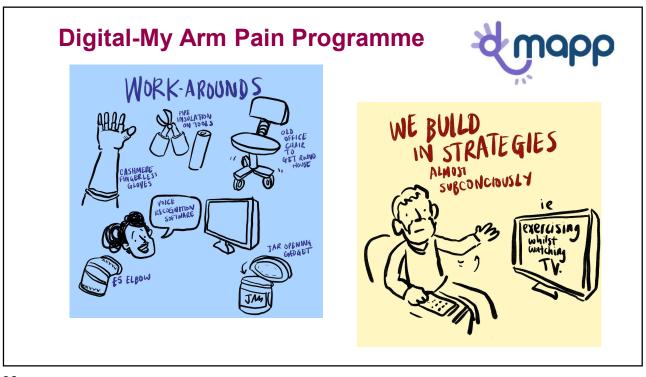
- MRI using accurate machine learning quantification
- Understanding new biochemical pathways

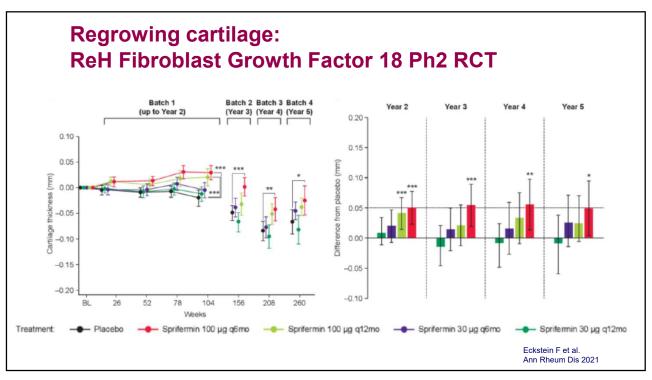
Developing new therapies

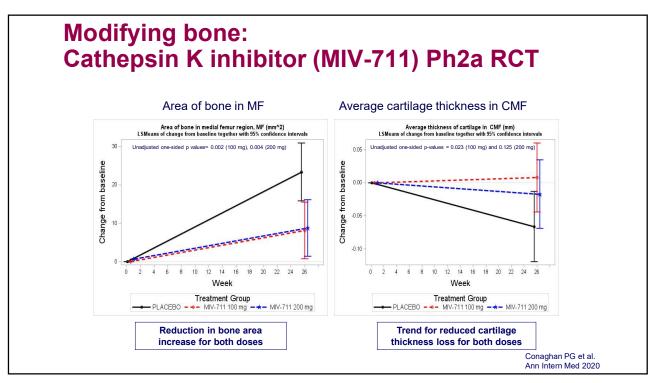
- Digital interventions
- New drug therapies

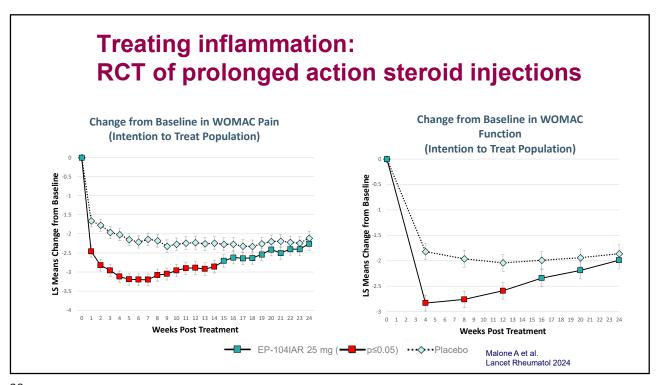
National and international collaborations & leadership

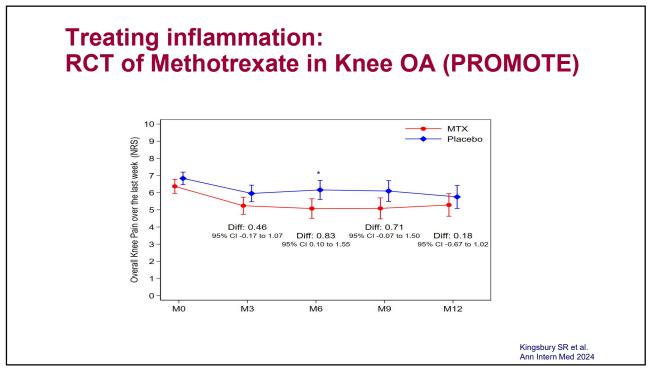


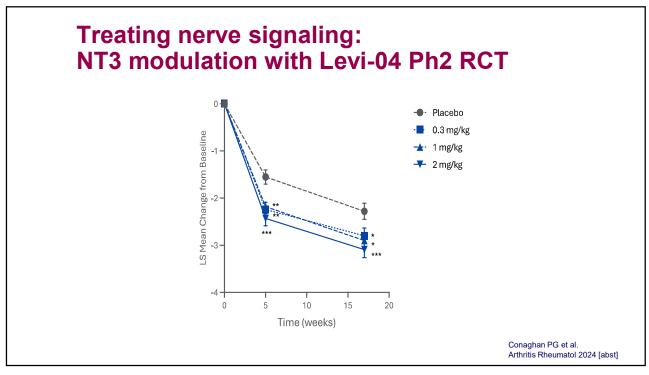












# Final Thoughts

### Overview of painful joints

- Many different types of joint problems
- · People can have more than 1 type
- Most are mechanical in nature (worse with use) and respond to muscle strengthening
- · We badly need new therapies for osteoarthritis

33

### My thanks to

- · Many patients who worked with us
- Many staff
- Our academic and industry collaborators
- Our funders, especially NIHR and Versus Arthritis

### My thanks to

- Many patients who worked with us
- Many staff
- Our academic and industry collaborators
- Our funders, especially NIHR and Versus Arthritis
- And to YOU!